

# Minute<sup>TM</sup> Total Protein Extraction Kit for Tendons

Catalog number: SA-04-TD

## **Description**

A tendon/ligament is a fibrous connective tissue attaches muscles to bone. Histologically tendons are consisted of dense regular collagen fibers that are very tough and notoriously difficult to homogenize. It is also very difficult to lyse the tendon tissues for total protein extraction. The traditional solution-based protein extraction method such as RIPA is inefficient and protein yield is very low. The profile of extracted protein is also biased (incomplete protein profile) with solution-based methods. This kit provides a highly efficient method for total protein extraction from human or animal tendons by a combination of mechanical extraction and chemical lysis. The cell lysis buffers used are much stronger than RIPA buffer. The kit features a simple and rapid single tube protocol and optimized buffers for tendons. The researchers have the option to choose either denaturing cell lysis buffer or native cell lysis buffer, which are specifically tailored for tendons. The whole procedure takes less than 10 min to complete and the protein yield is in the range of 1-3 mg/ml. The materials provided are sufficient for 50 extractions.

### **Applications**

Proteins extracted with this kit can be used for many downstream applications such as SDS-PAGE analysis, Western blotting, IP. ELISA, enzyme activity assays and proteomic analysis. The buffers are compatible with IMAC resins for his-tagged protein purification. The salts and detergents in the extracted protein sample should be removed prior to mass spectrometry analysis.

#### **Kit components(50T):**

1.	Denaturing Buffer	25 ml
2.	Native Buffer	25 ml
3.	Protein Extraction Powder	5g
4.	Plastic Rod	2
5.	Filter Cartridge	50
6.	Collection Tube	50

**Shipping and storage:** This kit is shipped at ambient and stored at room temperature

#### **Additional Materials Required**

Table-Top Microcentrifuge with a maximum speed of 14,000-16,000 X g

# **Important Product Information**

Denaturing buffer contains ionic detergent and other chemicals for solubilization of extracted proteins. It may form precipitate at low temperature. It is not recommended to pre-chill it on ice. Native buffer can be pre-chilled and will not form precipitate. The lysis buffers do not contain



protease inhibitors. If proteolysis is a concern, it is recommended to add protease inhibitor cocktails to aliquot of the buffers prior to use. For determination of protein concentration, BCA kit (Pierce) is recommended. To study protein phosphorylation, **phosphatase inhibitors** (such as PhosStop from Roche) must be added to the buffer prior to use.

#### **Protocol**

For demonstration purpose, following amount of starting material and lysis buffer is recommended. However, the protocol can be scaled up/down proportionately. Tendon tissue preparation: carefully dissect tissues attached to the tendon. Cut tendon with scissors and rinse with cold PBS. Perform the protocol at room temperature.

- 1. Weight out 30-40 mg tendons (fresh/frozen) and cut it with a sharp blade or a pair of scissors into small pieces (1 X 1 mm or smaller). Place cut tissue in a filter cartridge with collection tube.
- 2. Add 50 to 80 mg protein extraction powder on top of the tissue followed by addition of 100 μl lysis buffer.
- 3. Immediately grind the tissue with the plastic rod provided against the surface of the filter with moderate twisting force for 2-3 min. Add another 100 µl lysis buffer to the filter and continue to grind for about 30 seconds to 1 min. The plastic rods are reusable after cleaning.
- 4. Centrifuge the tube at top speed (14,000-16,000 X g) in a microcentrifuge for 1 min. Remove and discard the filter. Transfer the supernatant to a fresh tube (this is extracted total protein). The whitegrey pellet in the bottom of collection tube is passing through protein extraction powder that should be discarded.

**Application tips**: If the final protein yield is low, incubate grinded tissue in step 3 at room temperature for 5-10 min or increase grinding time. During incubation period, the lysis buffer may drip into collection tube. This is normal and will not affect the quality of extracted protein.